Sepak Takraw Athlete Turnover Motivation at West Java Province Sports Week 2022: Case Study of Athletes Turnover to West Java Province

Ahmad Alwi Nurudin*, Sugiharto Sugiharto, Taufiq Hidayah, Rumini Rumini

Program Pascasarjana Prodi Pendidikan Olahraga S3, Universitas Negeri Semarang, Gedung A Kampus Pascasarjana Jl. Kelud Utara III, Semarang 50237, Indonesia

*Corresponding Author: ahmadalwi@students.unnes.ac.id

Abstract. Provincial Sports Week Provincial Sports Week (PORPROV) XIV 2022 West Java is one of the multi-event national sports events held in West Java Province, where this event has one of the objectives to improve and develop the quality of national sports, one of which is the achievement of athletes. The focus of the study in this study is limited to the problem of what motivation drives Takraw athletes from other regions or other provinces to make turnovers to cities and regencies in the West Java region. This research approach was carried out qualitatively using theoretical analysis methods (theoretical analysis). These observations are directed at certain individuals or social groups guided by certain goals or the focus of certain problems. In this study, researchers used data collection techniques with observation, interviews and documentation. The process of data analysis begins by examining all available data from various sources, namely from interviews and observations that have been written down in field notes. Athletes who commit turnovers have their own reasons and motivations, and these decisions must be made with careful thought and consideration of their long-term goals as athletes. Every athlete has individual goals and aspirations, and turnover can be a strategic move to achieve those goals. However, keep in mind that the decision to make a turnover must also be considered carefully, considering the consequences and associated risks. Personal factors such as family factors, geographic location, or relationships with coaches and teammates can also influence an athlete's decision.

Keywords: Sepak Takraw; Turnover Motivation; Sport Waek West Java.

INTRODUCTION

Sepak takraw itself is a sport that originated in Southeast Asia. This sport is also known as "football" in Malaysia and "takraw" in Thailand. Sepak takraw is played by two teams consisting of three players on each team. The aim of this game is to pass the ball across the net into the opponent's area, using body parts such as legs, head or chest, without using hands (Hakim & Raharjo, 2021). The ball used in takraw is made of woven synthetic materials such as plastic or nylon. The takraw field is similar in size to a badminton court, with a net in the middle. The game combines elements from soccer, volleyball, and martial arts.

Sepak takraw demands agility, dexterity, and speed in the game. Players must have good technique to control the ball and carry out effective attacks. This sport also often amazes the audience with spectacular acrobatics (Rezki et al., 2021). Sepak takraw has become a popular sport in many countries in Southeast Asia and is also gaining international recognition. National and international takraw competitions are held regularly, including the Asian Games, the Sepak Takraw World Championships, and the Asian Games (Aji, 2022).

Turnover of athletes between clubs, agencies, regions and provinces is very common in the world of sports. There are several factors that can influence an athlete's decision to move such as the opportunity to play more regularly, better training, better pay or rewards, and better team conditions. In some sports, such as football and basketball, athlete transfers may be made within a designated transfer window, while in others such as athletics, transfers may be made outside the transfer window. However, the transfer must meet the requirements and rules set by the relevant sports authority.

At the national level, athletes may be selected to represent their national team in international competitions. This is often an important factor in an athlete's decision to move to a more well-known club or institution, as the opportunity to be selected for the national team can raise an athlete's profile and open up opportunities for a better career.

Not only at the national and international level. At lower levels, such as provincial sports week or Porprov, movement of athletes between cities and regencies also often occurs. Porprov is a sports event organized by the provincial government in Indonesia as a place to develop sports talent and prepare athletes for higher

competitions, such as the National Sports Week (PON). Porprov activities in West Java always attract the interest of many athletes and sports lovers from all over the West Java region, and are expected to have a positive impact on sports development in the province.

Overall, the movement of athletes between clubs, agencies, regions, and provinces is common in the world of sport, and can provide benefits to athletes in terms of their careers and development. However, keep in mind that the transfer must be carried out in accordance with the rules and requirements set by the relevant sports authority. Provincial Sports Week Provincial Sports Week (PORPROV) XIV 2022 West Java is one of the multi-event national sports events held in West Java Province, where this event has one of the objectives to improve and develop the quality of national sports, one of which is the achievement of athletes (Sobarna, 2022).

Sepak takraw is one of the numbers that will be contested in PORPROV XIV West Java in 2022. At the West Java Porprov XIV 2022 event in the sport of Takraw there are several athletes who make turnovers. Athlete turnover refers to activities or changes in the status of an athlete who moves from one team or club to another team or club or moves the city or district he defends. In this case the competing athletes who defended the city or district that competed did not all come from that city or district. Of course, it is necessary to investigate what the motivations are behind the movement of athletes from one city or district to another district city. The focus of the study in this study is limited to the problem of what motivation drives Takraw athletes from other regions or other provinces to make turnovers to cities and regencies in the West Java region.

METHODS

This research approach was carried out qualitatively using theoretical analysis methods (theoretical analysis). These observations are directed at certain individuals or social groups based on certain goals or focuses on certain problems (Harahap, 2020). "This approach is directed at cultural backgrounds and individuals who are used as informants for this research in a holistic manner (Hadi, 2016).

The reason why researchers use case studies is because this research examines existing cases so that researchers only study existing cases. The choice of a qualitative approach is based on several reasons. First, the study data in the form of a series of life events. The data in this study are more words, stories or narratives than numbers (Creswell, 2015). Words and stories play a dominant role in descriptions rather than statistics. Second, the purpose of this study is not to assess, measure or evaluate the motivation of athletes to defend other areas, whether they meet certain standards or scores which can be classified quantitatively as high, medium and low. On the other hand, this study is only competent to investigate and describe the motivation of Takraw athletes who make turnovers to cities and regencies in West Java Province without taking measurements. The total subjects involved in this study were 5 athletes from the sport of takraw.

In this study, researchers used data techniques collection with observation, interviews and documentation. The data analysis process begins by examining all available data from various sources, namely from interviews and observations that have been written down in field notes (Sugiyono, 2018). In order for this research to be more valid, the next step is to prove the degree of trust by using data triangulation. The triangulation used in this research includes triangulation of sources, methods, and theory. This is achieved by comparing or checking the data obtained from different times and tools. Triangulation means the best way to eliminate differences in reality construction that exist in the context of a study when collecting data on various events and relationships from various views (Alfansyur & Mariyani, 2020).

RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

Interviews were carried out after approval, then a timely arrangement was made to conduct interviews. The total subjects involved in this study were 5 athletes from the sport of takraw. The interview process was carried out in the athlete's mess, sports arena where athletes practice, where athletes practice and temporary residence when the subject finishes doing activities or has free time.

The motivation of takraw athletes to make turnovers varies greatly depending on individual situations and circumstances. Following are the results that motivates sepak takraw athletes to make turnovers:

1. Career Opportunities

Athletes are looking for better opportunities to develop their careers. This could mean moving

to a more competitive City and County, having a better coach, or having the opportunity to participate in more prestigious tournaments. They may believe that by switching teams, they can improve their skills, gain more valuable experience, or increase their exposure in that sport.

2. Financial Condition

The financial aspect also influences the athlete's decision to make turnovers from areas outside of West Java. Cities and districts in West Java offer more lucrative contracts or opportunities to get better bonuses, athletes from outside the West Java area are more interested in moving for better financial stability.

3. More Chances to Play

Athletes looking to get more playing time or a more important role on the team might consider turnover. If they feel that they are not getting enough opportunities to play in City and County at this time, moving to another team with less competition or more balanced strengths could give them a bigger chance to appear on the field. 4. Personal Factors

Personal factors can also influence an athlete's decision to commit a turnover. This can include considerations such as family factors, for example families moving domicile from Central Java or Banten to West Java, geographical locations that are close together, such as on the border, make athletes who are outside the West Java region often participate in joint training with the team in West Java, thus motivating them to move. to West Java, or their personal preference for a particular coach or teammate.

5. Ambition and Challenges

Some athletes are looking for new challenges and want to test their abilities in the West Java Porprov by playing on a different team or in a more competitive environment. They feel that by moving to a new team, they will surround themselves with better or more skilled players, which will encourage them to improve their own form. The challenge of getting a medal in West Java Porprov is also a motivation for athletes to make turnovers to West Java province.

CONCLUSION

Athletes who commit turnovers have their own reasons and motivations, and these decisions must be made with careful thought and consideration of their long-term goals as athletes. Every athlete has individual goals and

aspirations, and turnover can be a strategic move to achieve those goals. However, keep in mind that the decision to make a turnover must also be considered carefully, considering the consequences and associated risks. Athletes must consider the impact on their careers, relationships with team and teammates, and the opportunities such changes may be lost or gained. Personal factors such as family factors, geographic location or relationships with coaches and teammates can also influence their decision.

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